iDRAC and Lifecycle Controller -A Recommended Workflow for Performing Firmware Updates on PowerEdge Servers

This Dell Technical White Paper discusses the best practices and workflow for performing firmware updates on PowerEdge servers.

Author(s)

Raja Tamilarasan



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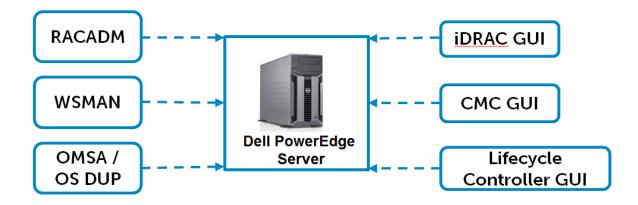
Contents

S	ummary	4
	Before You Begin	4
	Direct versus Staged Updates	5
	Server Reboot Requirement for performing iDRAC updates	6
	Recommended Firmware Update workflow	7
	How to View the Current Firmware Inventory	7
	Firmware Inventory from iDRAC GUI	8
	Viewing Firmware Inventory from CMC GUI	9
	Viewing Firmware Inventory from Lifecycle Controller GUI	10
	Viewing Firmware Inventory using WS-MAN	10
	Firmware Inventory using RACADM	12
	How to Get the Latest Updates Available for Servers	13
	Firmware Update FAQ	16
	Learn more	17

Summary

Dell recommends that the firmware running on your PowerEdge servers be kept up to date to make sure that the servers deliver peak performance. The firmware update feature supported by iDRAC and Lifecycle Controller (LC) makes it easy to keep the various firmware running on the PowerEdge server up to date.

iDRAC and Lifecycle Controller support the following interfaces that perform firmware updates:



- 1. RACADM
 - See "RACADM reference" at http://www.delltechcenter.com/idrac
- 2. Industry-standard Web Services Management (WSMAN) command line interface (CLI)
- 3. OMSA and Operating System (OS)-based Dell Update Packages (DUP)
 - http://en.community.dell.com/techcenter/extras/m/white_papers/20097364.aspx
- 4. iDRAC GUI
- 5. Chassis Management Controller (CMC) GUI.
- 6. Lifecycle Controller GUI (press <F10> during system start).
 - http://en.community.dell.com/techcenter/extras/m/white_papers/20097364.aspx

Before You Begin

Before you start updating a firmware, review all the supported user interfaces and select the one that suits your environment.

- 1. The <u>Dell RACADM</u> (Remote Access Controller Admin) utility is a CLI-based tool that allows for remote or local management of Dell Servers by using iDRAC or DRAC.
- 2. <u>Web Services</u>-Management (**WS-Management**) is a <u>DMTF open standard</u> defining a <u>SOAP</u>-based <u>protocol</u> for the management of servers, devices, applications, and various Web services. When accessing the iDRAC using the WSMAN interface, for Windows, make sure the WinRM CLI

tool is configured (for help, see <u>Installation and Configuration of Windows Remote Management</u>). For Linux, make sure the Openwsman CLI is built and installed (for help, see <u>Openwsman Home</u>). Make sure the target system is a PowerEdge server with iDRAC enabled, configured, and network accessible, so that you can communicate by using WS-MAN.

- 3. Dell OpenManage Server Administrator (OMSA) is a software agent that provides a comprehensive, one-to-one systems management solution in two ways—from an integrated, Web browser—based GUI and from a CLI by using the operating system.
- 4. The iDRAC GUI is a Web browser-based management application that you can use to interactively manage the iDRAC and monitor the managed server. It is the primary interface for day-to-day tasks, such as monitoring system health, viewing the system event log, managing local iDRAC users, and launching the CMC Web interface and console redirection sessions.
- 5. The CMC GUI is a Web browser-based management application that can be used to view the status and manage all the servers in that chassis.
- 6. Lifecycle controller supports local one-one system management tasks by using a GUI on the server's KVM for operating system installation, update, configuration, and for performing diagnostics on single- and local servers.

Direct versus Staged Updates

The updates supported on Dell PowerEdge servers can be classified into Direct and Staged Updates.

- Direct Updates are those that do not require a server restart for the update to take effect.
- Staged updates are the ones where the updates are staged and are applied only when the server is restarted. Lifecycle Controller will be invoked during the server startup.

Direct Updates	Staged Updates		
Lifecycle Controller	1. BIOS		
2. iDRAC7 Firmware	2. NIC Firmware		
3. Diagnostics	3. RAID Firmware		
4. OS Driver Pack	4. Backplane Firmware		
5. Identity Module	5. PSU Firmware		
	6. CPLD		

Note: iDRAC and driver pack updates for 11G PowerEdge systems are staged updates. For 12G and future generations, the iDRAC and OS Driver Pack updates are direct updates.

Server Reboot Requirement for performing iDRAC updates

The need to reboot the server to apply an iDRAC update varies based on the current version of the iDRAC firmware and the interface used to update the iDRAC. Refer to Table 1 below for more information.

iDRAC6 Firmware Version / Update Interface	RACADM		WSMAN	iDRAC GUI		CMC GUI	OI	ΜE
	fwupdate command (using .d6 (or) .imc image)	update command (using windows DUP)		(using .imc image)	(using windows DUP)	(using window s DUP)	In-Band	Out-Of- Band
All								
iDRAC6	No	Not		No	Not		No	
Versions	Reboot	Supported	Reboot	Reboot	Supported	Reboot	Reboot	Reboot

iDRAC7 Firmware Version / Update Interface	RAG	CADM	WSMAN	iDRAC GUI		
	fwupdate command (using .d7 image)	update command (using windows DUP)		(using .d7 image)	(using windows DUP)	
1.00.00 / 1.20.20/ 1.23.23	No Reboot	Not Supported	Reboot	No Reboot	Not Supported	
1.30.30 and above	No Reboot	No Reboot	No Reboot	No Reboot	No Reboot	

iDRAC7 Firmware Version / Update Interface	CMC GUI	ОМ	E
	(using windows DUP)	In-Band	Out-Of-Band
1.00.00 / 1.20.20/ 1.23.23	Reboot	No Reboot	Reboot
1.30.30 and above	No Reboot	No Reboot	No Reboot

Table 1: iDRAC Update and Server Reboot

Recommended Firmware Update workflow

iDRAC and Lifecycle Controller provide the infrastructure for updating most component firmware on PowerEdge servers. The iDRAC and Lifecycle Controller (LC) are released as two individual firmware components, but are dependent on one another for various change management features and hardware that they support. It is recommended that these components are updated together. Regardless of the methodology used to perform firmware updates, iDRAC and LC firmware should always be upgraded first before upgrading the other components on the server.

It is recommended to use the following sequence when updating firmware on the Dell PowerEdge servers.

- 1. iDRAC
- 2. Lifecycle Controller
- 3. BIOS
- 4. Diagnostics
- 5. OS Driver Pack
- 6. RAID
- 7. NIC
- 8. PSU
- 9. CPLD
- 10. Other update

Staged updates can be combined together to apply on a single-host restart. That is, BIOS, RAID, NIC, PSU, CPLD, and so on can all be staged together and applied with a single-host restart.

Note: If multiple updates are staged together from consoles such as iDRAC GUI, CMC GUI, Lifecycle Controller GUI, and any other Dell-supported consoles such as Open Manage Essentials, the updates might be reordered automatically on the basis of time to install optimizations built in for those management tools.

How to View the Current Firmware Inventory

Dell PowerEdge servers support gathering Firmware Inventory data using both in-band (using the servers' operating system drivers) and out-band (using the dedicated systems management channel. running on the iDRAC service process or pre-OS UEFI environment) tools. Listed here are some examples on how to view the current firmware inventory on any PowerEdge Server.

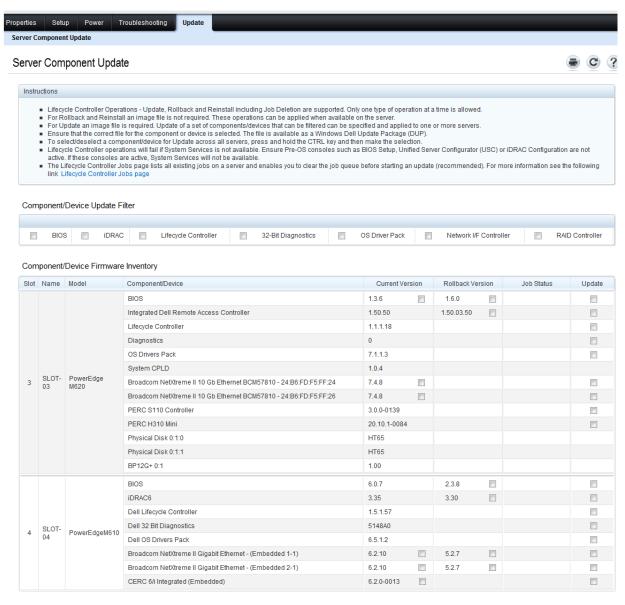
Firmware Inventory from iDRAC GUI

- 1. Log in to the IDRAC Web interface.
- 2. Go to Server \rightarrow System Inventory \rightarrow Firmware Inventory.

ummary	Details Syst	em Inventor	v		
arminary	Details Syst	em mventor	•		
Firmwa	re Inventory				
Compone	ent				Firmware Version
Power Su	upply.Slot.1				07.00.00
Power St	upply.Slot.2				07.09.40
Integrate	d Dell Remote Acc	ess Controlle	F		1.50.50
Lifecycle	Controller, 1.3.0.56	8, X18			1.3.0.568
Enterpris	e UEFI Diagnostics	s, 4225A2, 42	225.4		4225A2
OS Driver	rs Pack, 7.2.1.4, A0	0			7.2.1.4
System C	PLD				1.0.3
Intel(R) G	Sigabit 4P 1350-t rN	DC - BC:30:5	B:ED:F5:20		14.0.12
Intel(R) G	Sigabit 4P 1350-t rN	DC - BC:30:5	B:ED:F5:21		14.0.12
Intel(R) G	Sigabit 4P (350-t rN)	DC - BC:30:5	B:ED:F5:22		14.0.12
Intel(R) G	Sigabit 4P 350-t rN	DC - BC:30:5	B:ED:F5:23		14.0.12
Broadcor	m NetXtreme II <mark>1</mark> 0 (Sb Ethernet E	BCM57810 - 00	:10:18:B9:08:E0	7.4.8
Broadcor	m NetXtreme II 10 (Sb Ethernet E	CM57810 - 00	:10:18:B9:08:E2	7.4.8
Broadcor	m NetXtreme II 10 (7.4.8			
Broadcor	n NetXtreme II 10 (Sb Ethernet E	BCM57810 - 00	:10:18:99:AC:C2	7.4.8
BIOS					1.6.0
PERC H7	710 Mini				21.0.1-0132

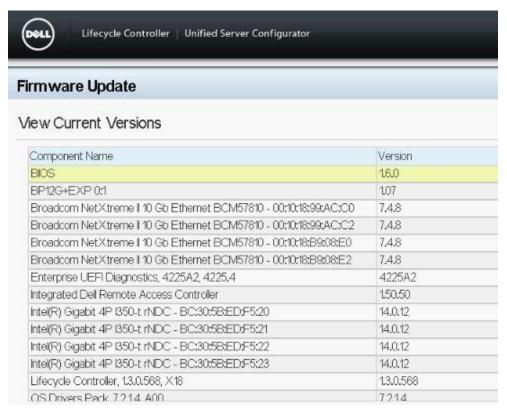
Viewing Firmware Inventory from CMC GUI

- 1. Launch the CMC Web interface.
- 2. Go to Server Overview \rightarrow Update \rightarrow Server Component Update.



Viewing Firmware Inventory from Lifecycle Controller GUI

- 1. Launch the Lifecycle Controller GUI by pressing F10 during Power On Self-Test (POST).
- 2. Go to Firmware Update \rightarrow View Current Versions.



Viewing Firmware Inventory using WS-MAN

Firmware inventory can be viewed using WSMAN by enumerating the DCIM_SoftwareIdentity class.

The most important fields in the DCIM_SoftwareIdentity enumeration output are:

- ComponentType
 - Denotes the type of the firmware
- FQDD
- Fully Qualified Device Descriptor (FQDD) uniquely identifies the device on the server.
- Status
- Installed: This instance is already installed on the device Available: An instance of the device firmware that is available with Lifecycle controller and can be used to perform an upgrade / downgrade.
- Updateable
 - True: Firmware update supported by Lifecycle Controller.
 - False: Firmware update not supported by Lifecycle Controller.

Input

winrm e cimv2/root/dcim/DCIM_SoftwareIdentity -u:root -p:***** -r:https://10.0.0.1/wsman:443 SkipCNCheck -SkipCACheck -auth:basic -encoding:utf-8

Partial Output

```
DCIM SoftwareIdentity
    \overline{B}uildNumber = 0
    Classifications = 11
    ComponentID = 159
    ComponentType = BIOS
    DeviceID = null
    ElementName = BIOS
    FQDD = BIOS.Setup.1-1
    IdentityInfoType = OrgID:ComponentType:ComponentID
    IdentityInfoValue = DCIM:BIOS:159
    InstallationDate = NA
    InstanceID = DCIM:PREVIOUS#741 BIOS.Setup.1-1
    IsEntity = true
    MajorVersion = 1
   MinorVersion = 4
    RevisionNumber = 5
    RevisionString = null
    Status = Available
    SubDeviceID = null
    SubVendorID = null
    Updateable = true
    VendorID = null
    VersionString = 1.4.5
    impactsTPMmeasurements = true
DCIM SoftwareIdentity
    \overline{B}uildNumber = 0
    Classifications = 11
    ComponentID = 159
    ComponentType = BIOS
    DeviceID = null
    ElementName = BIOS
    FQDD = BIOS.Setup.1-1
    IdentityInfoType = OrgID:ComponentType:ComponentID
    IdentityInfoValue = DCIM:BIOS:159
    InstallationDate = NA
    InstanceID = DCIM:CURRENT#741 BIOS.Setup.1-1
    IsEntity = true
    MajorVersion = 1
   MinorVersion = 4
    RevisionNumber = 4
    RevisionString = null
    Status = Available
    SubDeviceID = null
    SubVendorID = null
    <mark>Updateable = true</mark>
    VendorID = null
    VersionString = 1.4.4
    impactsTPMmeasurements = true
DCIM SoftwareIdentity
    \frac{-}{\text{BuildNumber}} = 0
    Classifications = 11
    ComponentID = 159
    ComponentType = BIOS
    DeviceID = null
    ElementName = BIOS
    FQDD = BIOS.Setup.1-1
    IdentityInfoType = OrgID:ComponentType:ComponentID
    IdentityInfoValue = DCIM:BIOS:159
    InstallationDate = 2012-11-27T13:14:46Z
    InstanceID = DCIM:INSTALLED#741 BIOS.Setup.1-1
    IsEntity = true
    MajorVersion = 1
    MinorVersion = 4
```

```
RevisionNumber = 4
RevisionString = null
Status = Installed
SubDeviceID = null
SubVendorID = null
Updateable = true
VendorID = null
VersionString = 1.4.4
impactsTPMmeasurements = true
```

Firmware Inventory using RACADM

Firmware inventory can be viewed using RACADM by running the swinventory command.

- racadm swinventory (local racadm)
- racadm -r <iDRACIP> -u <iDRAC UserName> -p <iDRAC Password> swinventory

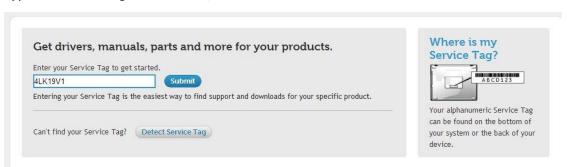
```
swinventory
-----SOFTWARE INVENTORY-----
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = Power Supply.Slot.1
FQDD = PSU.Slot.1
InstallationDate = NA
VersionString = 07.2B.7D
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = Power Supply.Slot.1
FQDD = PSU.Slot.1
InstallationDate = 2013-04-22T11:39:10Z
VersionString = 07.00.00
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = Power Supply.Slot.2
FQDD = PSU.Slot.2
InstallationDate = 2013-04-22T11:39:10Z
VersionString = 07.09.40
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = Integrated Dell Remote Access Controller
FQDD = iDRAC.Embedded.1-1
InstallationDate = NA
Rollback Status = Available
VersionString = 1.50.03.50
______
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = Integrated Dell Remote Access Controller FQDD = iDRAC.Embedded.1-1
InstallationDate = 2013-05-11T13:23:12Z
VersionString = 1.50.50
______
ComponentType = APPLICATION
ElementName = Lifecycle Controller, 1.3.0.568, X18
FQDD = USC.Embedded.1:LC.Embedded.1
InstallationDate = 2013-05-29T14:24:45Z
VersionString = 1.3.0.568
______
ComponentType = APPLICATION
ElementName = Enterprise UEFI Diagnostics, 4225A2, 4225.4
```

```
FQDD = Diagnostics.Embedded.1:LC.Embedded.1
InstallationDate = 2013-05-09T00:31:26Z
VersionString = 4225A2
ComponentType = APPLICATION
ElementName = OS Drivers Pack, 7.2.1.4, A00
FQDD = DriverPack.Embedded.1:LC.Embedded.1
InstallationDate = 2013-05-09T00:38:08Z
VersionString = 7.2.1.4
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = System CPLD
FQDD = CPLD.Embedded.1
InstallationDate = 2013-06-11T15:43:55Z
VersionString = 1.0.3
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = Intel(R) Gigabit 4P I350-t rNDC - BC:30:5B:ED:F5:20
FQDD = NIC.Integrated.1-1-1
InstallationDate = NA
Rollback Status = Available
VersionString = 13.5.6
--More--
```

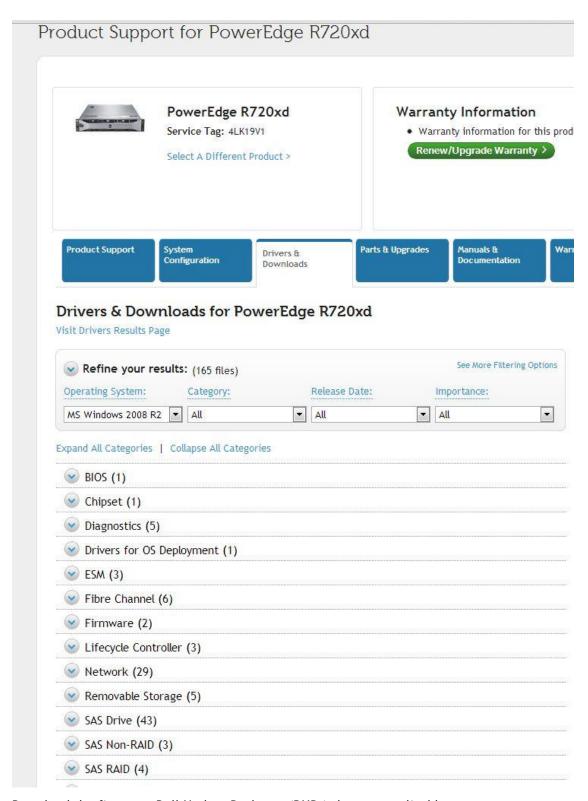
How to Get the Latest Updates Available for Servers

After you know about the current versions of the firmware installed on a PowerEdge server, check for any available updates.

- 1. Go to the URL http://www.dell.com/support/.
- 2. Type the service tag of the server, and then click **Submit**.



3. Click Drivers and Downloads.



4. Download the firmware Dell Update Packages (DUPs) that are applicable to your server.

Note: iDRAC GUI, CMC GUI, Lifecycle Controller GUI, RACADM and WSMAN Updates support only Windows-based DUPs.

A recommended workflow for performing firmware updates on PowerEdge servers

Conclusion

The objective of this Whitepaper is to describe the recommended sequencing of updates, how to get current firmware version info, how to find firmware updates, and provide an overview of the various methodologies and tools available to perform a firmware update.

Firmware Update FAQ

1. What is the recommended order to stage firmware updates when updates are available for both the consoles (OMSA / OME) and the devices installed (BIOS, NIC, iDRAC)?

Fresh install or Updates to consoles should not be staged together with firmware updates. It is recommended that all device firmwares are updated prior to updating consoles such as OMSA / OME.

2. Can device firmware updates and configuration changes be performed at the same time or staged together to be applied on the same system reboot?

iDRAC and Lifecycle Controller does support scheduling a update and configuration job together to be applied on the same system reboot. Lifecycle Controller internally has logic to optimize the order in which all scheduled jobs are executed.

For example, a BIOS update and a BIOS configuration can be scheduled to be applied together on the same reboot and Lifecycle Controller will optimize the ordering based on the jobs scheduled.

For features or settings that are new and is available only with a newer release of the device firmware, it is recommend that you update the firmware and wait for the job to complete successfully before making any configuration changes.

Learn more

Visit Dell.com/PowerEdge for more information on Dell's enterprise-class servers.

Reference Profiles

http://en.community.dell.com/techcenter/systems-management/w/wiki/1906.dcim-library-profile.aspx

Reference MOFs

http://en.community.dell.com/techcenter/systems-management/w/wiki/1840.dcim-library-mof.aspx

Best Practices Guide

http://en.community.dell.com/techcenter/extras/m/white_papers/20066173.aspx Associated Scripts:

http://en.community.dell.com/techcenter/extras/m/white_papers/20066178.aspx

Web Services Interface Guide for Windows

http://en.community.dell.com/techcenter/extras/m/white_papers/20066174.aspx Associated scripts

http://en.community.dell.com/techcenter/extras/m/white_papers/20066179.aspx

Web Services Interface Guide for Linux

http://en.community.dell.com/techcenter/extras/m/white_papers/20066176.aspx Associated scripts

http://en.community.dell.com/techcenter/extras/m/white_papers/20066181.aspx

WS-MAN command line for Windows (Winrm)

http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/aa384291(v=VS.85).aspx

WSMAN command line open source for Linux (Openwsman)

http://sourceforge.net/projects/openwsman/

Scripting the Dell Lifecycle Controller

http://en.community.dell.com/techcenter/systems-management/w/wiki/scripting-the-dell-lifecycle-controller.aspx

All about Lifecycle Controller in iDRAC

http://support.dell.com/support/edocs/software/smusc/smlc/lc_1_5/index.htm