

Dell iDRAC Response to CVE (Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures) ID CVE-2015-7270, 7271, 7272, 7273, 7274, and 7275 [02 December 2015]

Overview

Several potential security vulnerabilities have been filed and addressed as follows. Dell would like to thank and credit Google Infrastructure Security Assurance for advising Dell regarding these potential vulnerabilities.

Issues and Dell Response

CVE	CVE Description	Versions	Release	Release
Number		affected	Version &	Version &
			Target Fix	Target Fix
			Date -	Date -
			iDRAC7/8	iDRAC6
CVE-2015-	Dell integrated Remote Access Controller	iDRAC6	2.21.21.21;	2.80;
7270	(iDRAC) is subject to directory traversal	iDRAC7	released 09	released 01
	issues which can allow local user	iDRAC8	Nov 2015	Dec 2015
	authentication to be bypassed.			
CVE-2015-	Dell integrated Remote Access Controller	iDRAC7	2.21.21.21;	N/A
7271	(iDRAC) - 'racadm getsystinfo' command	iDRAC8	released 09	
	exposes a format string vulnerability.		Nov 2015	
CVE-2015-	Dell integrated Remote Access Controller	iDRAC6	N/A	2.80;
7272	(iDRAC) - SSH interface appears to have			Released 01
	an issue when authenticating with			Dec 2015
	usernames greater than 62 character			
CVE-2015-	Dell integrated Remote Access Controller	iDRAC7	2.21.21.21;	N/A
7272	(iDRAC) - SSH restricted shell can accept	iDRAC8	released 09	
	input that may lead to buffer overflows.		Nov 2015	
CVE-2015-	Dell integrated Remote Access Controller	iDRAC7	2.21.21.21;	N/A
7273	(iDRAC) - Repository update feature	iDRAC8	released 09	
	supports XML External Entity (XXE).		Nov 2015	
CVE-2015-	Dell integrated Remote Access Controller	iDRAC6	N/A	2.80;
7274	(iDRAC) allows authenticated users to			Released 01
	execute administrator privilege HTTP			Dec 2015
	commands.			
CVE-2015-	Dell integrated Remote Access Controller	iDRAC6	2.30.30.30;	2.85; Target
7275	(iDRAC) - Administrators have a limited	iDRAC7	Target Q1	date Q1
		iDRAC8	CY2016	CY2016

potential to leverage Cross Site Scripting (XSS) in the web-browser.		

Dell Best Practices regarding iDRAC

DRACs are intended to be on a separate management network; they are not designed nor intended to be placed on or connected to the internet. Doing so could expose the connected system to security and other risks for which Dell is not responsible.

Along with locating DRACs on a separate management subnet, users should isolate the management subnet/vLAN with technologies such as firewalls, and limit access to the subnet/vLAN to authorized server administrators.